The Pittsburgh Gazette.

"PRODESSE CIVIBUS."

Vol. 35. PITTSBURGH. FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE 4, 1819. New Series, No. 110

PUBLISHED (EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY) BY JOHN I. SOULL & MORGAN NEVILLE, on Fourth Street, between Market and Wood Streets—at $4 per Annum.

To my Creditors.

TAKE notice that I have applied to the judges of the court of Common Pleas of the county of Washington, in the state of Pennsylvania, for the benefit of the laws made for the relief of insolvent debtors, that they appointed the third Monday in May, instant, to hear me and my creditors; and on that day continued the hearing till the second monday of June term, the 14th day of July next, at the court house in said county, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

JOSEPH S. NEWELL.

Washington county Jail, May 28, 1819.

Samuel & John Thompson,

MERCHANT TAYLORS,

GIVE NOTICE to all persons who have unsettled accounts with them, of more than one year's standing, that unless they come forward and settle their respective dues before the 15th of June next, their accounts will be put in train for collection, without respect to persons.

May 25.

Louisville Insurance Company.

NOTICE is hereby given, that conformably to an act of the Legislature of the commonwealth of Kentucky, approved January 31st 1818 the Louisville Insurance Company have been duly organized, and that one hundred thousand dollars of its capital have been paid in, and that this company are now ready to make Insurance on Vessels, Boats or Crafts navigating the Western waters, and upon Goods, Wares and Merchandize transported thereon.

THOMAS PRATHER, Pres't.

P. E. GODDARD, Secretary.

Louisville May 4. 257

Notice

THE Trustees of "The Western University of Pennsylvania," will meet, by adjournment, at the Academy in the city of Pittsburgh, at 7 o'clock in the evening of the first Monday in next month.

Those gentlemen named in the law of Incorporation, who do not mean to act as Trustees will serve the Institution by sending their resignations to the subscriber.

WM. WILKINS.

May 21.

NEW MUSIC.

The subscriber has just received an additional supply of

New Music and Musical INSTRUMENTS.

Which with his stock on hand, comprises the most complete assortment ever offered in this place—consisting of

VIOLINS	from	$ 3 to 30
Flutes		3 to 15
Clarionets		10 to 16
Flageolets		1 to 9
Fifes		50 cents to 2
Violin Bows		1 to 9
Violencellos		40

Also a variety of *New Music, Fashionable Airs, Songs, &c.*

And STRINGS of every description.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, March 23.

NOTICE

WAS brought in a waggon belonging to JOHN LARD, some time in November last, 1 CHEST, 1 BOX, and 2 TRUNKS, marked with the letters J. C. Whoever holds those things, will, by giving notice to the subscribers, be liberally rewarded for all expence and trouble.

CROMWELL, DOBBIN & PEEBLES.

Pittsburgh, May 18.

Book Binding.

The subscriber informs his friends and the public in general, that he has commenced the above business in all its variety, in Fifth, between Wood and Market streets, opposite to Mr. McCullough's Tavern, where he is determined to execute every thing in his line, in a manner equal if not superior to any in the Western country. As the the subscriber calculates to make Pittsburgh his future place of residence he is determined to carry on his business in a way that will be advantageous to him and his customers. Country Book-sellers and others, will find it to their advantage, by sending the Books they want bound to the subscriber.

He hopes from his attention to business to share a part of public patronage.

ROBERT YOUNG.

April 13. tf

COFFEE.

Prime Green COFFEE,

IN BAGS,

FOR SALE, BY

ALLEN & GRANT.

Pittsburgh, April 30.

For Sale,

A Negro Girl,

12 YEARS of age, who has to serve until 28, for terms enquire at this Office.

50 Barrels New-Orleans SUGAR,

FOR SALE BY

CROMWELL, DOBBIN & PEEBLES.

Pittsburgh, April 9.

NOTICE.

GLASER & CO. have resigned their business in this city, to GLASER & CAMMANN, who will continue the same on their own account.

All persons having any demands against *Glaser & Co.* will please to present their accounts, and those indebted to the same to make immediate payment to Glaser & Cammann.

GLASER & CO.

Pittsburgh, February 15, 1819.

Augustus Henry Glaser, AND Hermann H. C. Cammann,

Have formed a connextion in the

Commission Business,

under the firm of GLASER & CAMMANN.

AUGUSTUS HENRY GLASER,
HERMANN H. C. CAMMANN,

Who have for Sale at their Ware-House in Front Street between Market and Wood Streets,

American Boiler Iron,	Conemaugh Salt,
Nails, Scythes,	Teas,
Cutting Knives,	A few barrels Mackarel,
Window Glass, all sizes,	Blankets,
Porter Bottles,	Canton Crapes, &c.
Hollow Ware	

Just Manufactured & For Sale, AT TOWNES'

Manufactory, corner of Third and Wood streets, Pittsburgh,

A LARGE AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF ELEGANT

Landscape Paper Hangings

OF ENTIRELY NEW PATTERNS.

J. TOWNE, will furnish the Western Merchants with the above articles as low as they can be bought either in New-York, Philadelphia, or Baltimore. He has also on hand, and will constantly keep, a large assortment of low priced papers suitable for retailing, at the following rates, viz. 50, 56, 62, 75, and 87 cents per Roll. A discount of 5 per cent will be given for prompt payment.

Papers of the above description, may be had at

R. Patterson & Lambdin's

Book & Stationary Store, Fourth street, Pittsburgh,

at the same rates as at the Manufactory.

The Western Merchants will find it their interest in purchasing at Pittsburgh, as they will save, not only the expense of carriage, but also the exchanges between Eastern and Western funds.

☞ All kinds of LOTTERY & EXCHANGE BUSINESS transacted by

J. Towne.

January 15. tf

JAMES ADAMS

Having determined to commence the

Commission Business,

at his old Warehouse in PITTSBURGH, has associated himself with LEWIS HUTCHISON, of *Maysville, (Ken.)* They will after the first inst. transact said business in all its various branches, under the firm of

Adams & Hutchison.

JAMES ADAMS.
LEWIS HUTCHISON.

April 2,

Copartnership.

WILLIAM & JOHN HILL, having formed a copartnership in trade with their brother JAMES. The business in future will be transacted under the firm of

William Hill and Brothers,

who offer for sale on accomodating terms at their *Wholesale warehouse, in Market, near Front street,*

WITH A LARGE & GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

MERCHANDIZE

Pittsburgh, January 1 1819. ——tf

William Crawford,

CABINET MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has commenced the above business in Fourth, between Market and Wood streets, adjoining the house of Mrs. Wilkins, and that as he is determined to make his work in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself he will obtain a share of public patronage.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Pittsburgh, April 30.——6m

Sail Cloth & Rum.

A CONSIGNMENT OF

28 Bolts Russia Sail Cloth,

Suitable for Sails, Sacking Bottoms, etc. etc.

ALSO

14 *Barrels Antigua Fourth Proof*

SPIRITS.

FOR SALE BY HENRY DOANE.

Pittsburgh, May 21. tf

To Let,

A Convenient DWELLING HOUSE in Liberty Street, near the mouth of Diamond Alley,

Apply to JOHN M'DONALD.

Pittsburgh, April 23, 1819

Notice.

HAVING removed to Harrisburgh I have placed my docket papers and business in the hands of CHARLES SHALER, Esq. a gentleman in whose professional skill and integrity my numerous friends and clients may place the most implicit confidence.

The following books are missing from my library, viz. 5th and 6th Binney, 1st Hawkins, 9th Harris' Entries 8th Wilson's Reports—any person having the same will confer an obligation on me by leaving them at Mr. Shaler's *office, next door to the Black Bear inn in the Diamond.*

S. DOUGLAS.

Pittsburgh, February 12, 1819.——tf

P. S. I will attend to land business and other agencies in Harrisburgh; and those who entrust me with the same may depend on my punctuality.

A Good Baker

WILL Meet with encouragement, by applying to

JAMES JACKSON.

Washington, Pa. May 21.

PATENT GAS FIRE,

FOR STEAM BOAT.

A CONCENTRATED FUEL for Steam-Boats has been invented, consisting of Tar or other carbonaceous substance, commingled with Steam,

The apparatus is simple: the management easy and safe. It is a great auxiliary to a wood or coal fire, which it both enlivens, encreases and saves—for it seems to combine so rapidly with the oxygen of the air, as to prevent the wood from wasting or consuming so fast as usual, the blaze, notwithstanding, being very active and intense.

The apparatus consists of a double vessel of copper or iron, cylindrical, lying on its side, upon or rather between the boilers, if there are 2.

Tar, Turpentine, Rosin, Spirits, Oil, or other combustible fluid, being put into the inner one, steam is allowed to flow from the boiler through a pipe and cock into the space between and thro' a few holes on the upper side of the inner one to press on the surface of the tar, which being heated by the surrounding steam, is at pleasure driven out through a small pipe (having a stop cock) meeting and uniting with another pipe leading out steam from the space between—the continuation of the pipe then leads to the fire or flue. The longer this pipe (if kept hot) the better. It need not be more than a quarter of an inch in diameter.

In its way the tar is extremely attenuated and mingling with the steam. Some chemists are of opinion that by the attraction of its carbon, it decomposes the steam into the constituents of water, oxygen and hydrogen, and combines with them to form the highly inflamable Gasses, carbonic-acid and carburetted hydrogen, and not thus formed in the pipe, they are produced at or near its orifice, which need not be more than the tenth of an inch diameter for a boiler of considerable size.

The only art in management, is to graduate the flow of the tar and steam to such proportion as that neither shall appear to predominate, and in taking care that the fluid be previously strained so as not to obstruct the pipe by any extraneous particles. This will easily be done by placing a seive over the reservoir, from which a pipe (having a stop cock) leads into one end of the tar vessel. There is of course a safety valve and a stop cock to draw the condensed steam from between the two vessels, formed there in the beginning of the operation, while the tar was at a low temperature. Its position on the boilers will, however soon heat it. Tar boils only at a much higher temperature than water—there is therefore no danger from it.

The advantages of this kind of fuel will be very great in long passages. No steam boat or vessel can navigate the Ocean without it; and it will be found economical and convenient in every situation.

Being of recent origin, it has not been put in practice in many instances, but in several, under my own observation, and witnessed by many persons, its effects are admirable.

This advertisement is intended to offer its use gratis to a few boats, whose proprietors shall first obtain a licence. The price of this improvement afterwards will be several thousand dollars per boat, which it will be found economical in most situations to pay. The patent right for local use will be for sale after its value shall be further tested.

Licences to use this invention will be granted by

JOHN L. SULLIVAN,
Assignee of the patent of Samuel Morey

Boston, February 19, 1819.

Valuable Real Estate and Ground Rents for Sale.

THE subscriber offers for sale, on reasonable terms, the following very valuable real estate and ground rents in the city of Pittsburgh, to wit:

One Lot, situate at the corner of Ferry and Water streets, containing 35 feet front on Water street and the Monongahela river, and 98 feet on Ferry street, now in the possession of Mr. Florence Cotter, and occupied as a grocery and liquor store, and rented at 450 dollars per annum.

Also, one lot situated on the west side of Market street, between First and Second streets, containing 23 feet front on Market street by 70 feet deep, at present unoccupied—formerly occupied as a saddler's shop—for which business or for a dry goods store, it is one of the best stands in the city.

Also—ground rent to the amount of two thousand dollars per annum, secured upon real estate, on which is erected permanent brick buildings, in some of the most conspicuous parts of the city.

The terms upon which this property will be disposed of are of the most advantageous kind.—A very small portion of the purchase money will be required in hand—and the balance may be paid, either in annual instalments, with interest, or in such portions as may be convenient to the purchaser, payment being secured by mortgage or judgement—It being the object of the subscriber to give a long credit.

Application may be made to Walter Forward, Esq. at his office in the Diamond, or to the subscriber in Pitt township, on the turnpike road, three miles from Pittsburgh, who will describe the property and make known the terms of sale.

WILLIAM HAMILTON.

May 16, 1818.——tf

Dissolution of Partnership

THE copartnership heretofore existing under the firm of *Samuel January, Sen. & Co.* has this day been dissolved by mutual consent; those indebted to the said firm will please make payment to Samuel A. January, who is authorised to settle the business, and those having claims against said firm will please call on him for payment.

Samuel January, Sen.
Samuel A. January,
Peter T. January.
Andrew M. January.

Maysville, April 17, 1819. M116m

Storage and Commission Business.

Matthias Winans & Andrew M. January

HAVING entered into partnership to transact the above business, under the firm of

WINANS & JANUARY,

as successors to the late firm of Samuel January, Sen. & Co. They hope from their knowledge of said business, and by care and strict attention to merit a share of public patronage.

They have on hand and for sale, a large quantity of

BAR & NAIL IRON—assorted.
Castings—assorted,
Cut Nails—assorted sizes,
Wrought ditto ditto,
Iron Wire Sieves, & Riddles, different Nos.
Iron Wire Screens, ditto ditto
White Lead in Oil,
Prime Glazed Rifle Powder,
A large quantity of Copperas,

Groceries & Liquors, etc.

ALSO,

A great variety of Books and Stationary, etc.

All of which will be sold low for CASH, or on reasonable credits.

Maysville, April 17, 1819.——M116m

Eichbaum & Johnston,

BOOKSELLERS, AND PRINTERS

Second, between Market & Wood streets.

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED

THE

WESTERN CALCULATOR,

OR A

NEW AND COMPENDIOUS SYSTEM OF PRACTICAL

ARITHMETIC

CONTAINING THE

ELEMENTARY PRINCIPLES & RULES OF CALCULATION,

IN WHOLE, MIXED, AND DECIMAL NUMBERS.

ARRANGED, DEFINED, & ILLUSTRATED

in a plain and natural order; and adapted to the use of schools, throughout the western country, and present commerce of the United States.

IN EIGHT PARTS.

BY J. STOCKTON, A. M.

September 1, 1818. tf

Henry Bheares,

CHAIR MAKER,

Second, between Wood and Smithfield Streets, at the foot of the Market.

GRATEFUL for past favours, respectfully informs his friends and the public in general, that he has on hand a handsome assortment of FANCY and WINDSOR CHAIRS and SETTEES, which he offers for sale on accommodating terms.

Having determined to execute every article in his line in the best and most fashionable manner, he flatters himself from that conduct and assiduous attention to business, to merit a share of public patronage.

Orders from a distance can be filled with articles of workmanship equal, if not superior to any made here, and perhaps on more moderate terms.

Wanted immediately, a person who is well acquainted with *Chair Painting* and *Ornamenting*, to whom good wages will be given.

One or two Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will be preferred. Pittsburgh, May 14, 1819.

Allegheny Bridge.

PITTSBURGH, MARCH 19, 1819.

THE Stockholders in the Company for erecting a Bridge over the Allegheny river, opposite Pittsburgh, are hereby required to pay the 4th instalment of 5 dollars on each share, on or before the 25th of April next, and the fifth instalment of 5 dollars on each share, on or before the 25th of May next.

By order of the President and Managers,

ALEX. JOHNSTON, Treas'r.

March 23.

Workmen Wanted.

TWO REFINERS, TWO HAMMERMEN and FOUR PUDLERS, wanted at the *Union Rolling Works*, Pittsburgh. Also, FOUR APPRENTICES, 16 or 17 years of age. Apply to the subscriber at the Works.

JOSHUA MALIN.

April 22, 1819. tf

Wm. Hill and Brothers,

WILL PURCHASE AT FAIR PRICES,

FLOUR, WHISKEY, PORK,

Vinegar,
Peas & Beans,
Tallow,
Hogs-lard

Pittsburgh, January 8, 1819.——2awtf

SELDEN & M'NAIR,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED,

AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF SEASONABLE

DRY GOODS,

In Wood, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pittsburgh, May 4, 1819.

TYPE—For Sale.

ONE FOUNT AMERICAN CANNON—New.	
ONE Ditto	SEVEN LINES PICA—Ditto
ONE Ditto	FIVE LINES PICA, Almost new
ONE Ditto	DOUBLE ENGLISH—Ditto

Together with an elegant CUT of a HORSE, COMPOSING STICKS, &c. The above will be sold very low. Apply at the Office of the Gazette.

March 2, 1819.

H. Bonnet and Rouand,

Market, between Second and Third streets,

HAVE just received, and weekly received large assortment of

Domestic Chambray,

Stripes,	Canton Crape,
Plaids,	Lace Shawls,
Sheeting,	Viels,
Ticking,	Fine Thread-lace.

Linen and Cotton Damask Table Cloth,

And a good supplement to their usual stock of

CLOTH, CASSIMERES, CASSINETT, MOLE SKIN, VELVET, BAIZE, FLANNELS,

Blankets, Bombazetts, Silk, Cotton and Worsted Hosiery, India Muslin, Silk, Imitation and English Shawls,

And a supplement to their usual assortment of

Silk of every kind for dress and bonnets,
Sewing silk cord and Chenills,
Silk, kid and Angola gloves,
Canton, Italian and French crapes,
Silk galoons and ribbonds of all sorts,
Scotch thread, cotton balls, and tapes,
Millinet, wires and trimmings,
Bandannas, flag and fringed handkerchiefs,
Pocket, Madrass, and other ditto,
Calicoes, Dimity and Ginghams,
Irish linnen, shirting and long cloth,
Domestic cotton, and shirting,
Silk, Marseilles and other vesting,
Thread, silk, cotton, and silver lace,
Lace veils and shawls,
Merino, velvet and lace redicule,
Suspenders, webbing and binding,
Pins, bell and plated buttons,
Beads of every sort, and pocket books,
An assortment of real gold JEWELRY,
A few dozen men and woman's Saddles,
Shot of every size,
Lead in pigs,
Best Spanish Cigars.

Which they will dispose of, on the most moderate terms, for Cash, or liberal credit for approved notes.

Pittsburgh, June 19.

Bandoy's BRANDYWINE POWDER.

110 KEGS

Just received, and for Sale by

WILLIAM M'CANDLESS.

Pittsburgh, February 29. tf

Miller and Wilson,

At their Store in Wood between Front and Water Streets,

HAVE FOR SALE,

JUNIATA BAR IRON, Rolled ditto,	Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufac. Tobacco,
Nail and Deck Rods,	Spanish and country Sugars,
Crowley & Blister Steel,	Rappee & Scotch Snuff,
Sprigs, hinges & screws,	Rosin soap and candles,
Spinning-wheel Irons,	Powder, Shot and Lead,
Trace and Log chains,	Earthen & Queensware,
Patent beams and Steel-yards,	Whiskey, Gin and Cherry-bounce,
Axes, hoes, shovels and Spades,	Allspice, pepper & nutmegs,
Shingling hatchets, and claw-hammers,	Copperas, rosin, indigo,
Scythes and sickles,	Cheese, bacon and Venison hams,
Drawing-knives & Grid-irons,	Mackarel, shad and Herring,
Ladles, skimmers, and flesh-forks,	Bed cords and Plough lines,
Carpenter's adze,	Rigging, fishing, chalk lines, etc. etc.
Plough Irons,	
Cow-bells,	
Castings, assorted,	

Tea, Coffee, Lump and N. O. Sugar.

Cut and Hammer'd Nails,

Coffee mills,	Window glass,
Curry combs,	Screw augers.

Pittsburgh, February 28, 1818.——

Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED

And For Sale by the subscriber,

200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior, to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Bauduy, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.

Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819. tf

Cash for ASHES.

WE will give the highest price, in cash, for good, clean

Wood Ashes.

We will will also purchase on fair terms,

Pot Ash & Black Salts.

WM. HILL & BROTHERS.

Pittsburgh, January 19.

Monongahela Bridge.

IN conformity to the Act for Incorporating a Company for erecting a Bridge over the River Monongahela, an Election will be held at the house of J. B. Oliver, on the first Monday in June next, between the hours of 3 and 6 o'clock, P. M. for electing a President, Twelve Managers, a Treasurer and Clerk for said Company.

JOHN TRAW, *Treasurer.*

Pittsburgh, May 11, 1819.

Pittsburgh Gazette.

FRIDAY MORNING, JUNE [illegible]

The second address is devoted to a review of the following positions of that celebrated work the 'Wealth of Nations.'

1. Though a number of people should, by restoring the freedom of trade, be thrown all at once out of their ordinary employment, it would by no means follow, that they would thereby be deprived either of employment or subsistence, as there are many collateral branches, to which this labour could be transferred.

2. The greater part of such people too are occasionally employed in country labour.

3. The stock which employed them in a particular manufacture before will remain in the country, to employ the people in some other way.

The idea of transferring labour to a collateral manufactory when the principal one has failed, is entirely specious; there are but very few manufactures which can be called collateral; the great majority of them have no kind of similarity; and the workman at one branch is as unfit for another, as if he had never learnt any craft at all. The makers of fabrics from cotton and wool may, by possibility, work at either business, but this rule hardly applies to any other manufactories. But Mr. Smith, when he commences a theory, actually throws himself entirely defenceless. Allow the principle contained in his first address, viz—that goods ought to be purchased where they can be had cheapest, and there is no necessity for establishing his present notions about transferring labour. The same cause that would induce us to buy our woollens from abroad, would operate to force us to look for the whole circle of manufactured articles from similar sources. The same circumstances which would make one imported article cheaper, would operate to make every branch the same. When every manufactory is down, what then becomes of the power of transferring industry? As for its application to country labour, we know it is equally futile; agriculture is an art like any other trade, and requires an actual apprenticeship. But childish as is this idea, allow it to be practicable; would there be a demand for a sudden encrease of labouring hands for the agricultural operations of a country? It is a known fact, that except during a short time at harvest there is generally no want of auxiliaries; the persons attached to farms are mostly amply sufficient.

The last position, "That capital which was employed in one manufacture, remains in the country to give impulse to industry, *even* after the destruction, or cessation of the first manufactory, in which it was originally employed," contains as much absurdity as the same number of words possibly could. What is the capital vested in a manufactory? We will answer this question by a case in point, put by the addressers. A tanner commences with 30,000 dollars; he vests 10,000 in his various buildings, vats, tools, &c. 10,000 in hides and other stock. By the inundation of foreign leather at "a cheaper rate" than he can sell it, his manufactory is stopped; what becomes of his $20,000 vested in his manufactory? can he transfer it to any other business? is it not a clear loss?—undoubtedly. In Pittsburgh we have numerous instances of this kind; many worthy and enterprizing citizens who invested their all in manufactures, relying upon the faith of government, and drawing their inferences from England in similar cases, have since the peace been reduced to misery; in one case an establishment which was considered equal to 20,000 dollars, has been sold for 1000

The most important portion of Dr. Smith's work depends on the maxims contained in the two addresses we have noticed; how sound they are may now be judged. This writer seems to dwell upon the idea that *abstractedly*, foreign trade produces the wealth of a country, without investigating the nature of this trade. Foreign trade undoubtedly does enrich a country, but it is only when through the medium of this foreign trade, *more is sold*, than is *bought*. Whether America is pursuing this plan now, when her manufactures are sinking into ruin, cannot be a question.

The third number contains a review of the policy of England with regard to manufactures, which is too well known to need much explanation. This country has been undeviating in her attention to this subject ever since the reign of Edward III, who held out such inducements in the fourteenth century for foreign artists to remove from Flanders. One of the great objections to manufactures, which has been started and supported by such men as John Randolph, on the floor of Congress, and more recently, by a writer of some eminence in Virginia, John Taylor, of Caroline, is, that to secure the home market to our own manufactures operates merely to enable them to oppress their fellow citizens, by extorting extravagant prices for their productions. This opinion is directly in the face of the fact as it now exists in England. There is no country in the world, where the system of prohibitory duties is carried so far as in England, yet, notwithstanding this, and her enormous taxes, and her paper currency, which enhances the price of living, she is able to meet other nations in their own market, and to undersell them. Wherever there are great profits, competition must follow, and wherever there is competition in any branch of business, the profits must naturally settle down to that rate which is considered a fair gain on the labour, capital and risk involved.

Some interesting facts relative to G. Britain, taken from Colquhoun, are disclosed in this number: the proceeds, for instance of the cotton, woollen, linen and leather manufactures amount to 82,000,000 pounds sterling; the cost of the raw material to 22,000,000, thus leaving a gain of 60,000,000 pounds, equal to 270,000,000 of dollars! This at once solves the mystery of the wonderful power and resources of England, so long and so justly boasted of. What is a still greater proof of her prosperity, is that her enormous public debt, which in 1813 amounted to nine hundred millions of pounds, is wholly owned by her own subjects, except about seventeen millions. What a policy must that be which enables the citizens of a country, always immersed in war, to advance to their own government such a sum as this! To its support alone of domestic industry, is England's great capacity and inordinate power owing.

Since the peace, she has been enabled to lay this country under heavy contribution, so that there is an enormous debt due her, notwithstanding she has possessed herself of a large portion of our bank and other public stock, which yield her a great and permanent income, at the expense of the United States.

From the New-York Daily Advertiser, May 22.

EMIGRATION.

A CARAVAN, consisting of eleven covered wagons, drawn by two, three, or four horses each, two coachees, a number of outriding horses, & about one hundred & twenty persons, composing the expedition under Captains Blackman and Allen, for the state of Illinois, crossed the Powless Hook ferry yesterday, on its way to the west. Those two gentlemen having been for a number of years engaged as ship masters in the China trade, and made handsome fortunes, have now turned their attention to the fertile plains of Illinois, and have commenced the forming of a settlement there on their extensive purchase. The present caravan forms the *first division*. In the autumn the *second division* marches—and in the spring following the *third division*, which is to complete the establishment, will advance.

In the company which passed here yesterday there were farmers, carpenters, blacksmiths, waggon makers, masons, coopers &c. &c. with their families, mostly natives of the "northern hive." All their equipments were in fine order, and the emigrants were in fine spirits. If the population of that fertile state is to be formed of such materials, we shall soon find Illinois taking rank along side of the very respectable state of Ohio.

Junius.—The celebrated letters of *Junius* appear to be doomed to find a new author every six or seven years—the following is a list of the persons to whom they have been already at different times attributed: [*Aurora.*

1. John Wilkes.
2. Lord George Germaine, alias Sackville.
3. Edmund Burke.
4. Lord Chatham.
5. John Dunning, alias Lord Ashburton.
6. Hugh Macauley Boyd.
7. Henry Grattan.
8. The duke of Portland.
9. The Rev. Philip Rosenhagen.
10. Gen. Charles Lee.
11. The Rev. Mr. Wilmot,
12. Sir Philip Francis.
13. W. G. Hamilton, an Irish member of Parliament.
14. Henry Flood, a celebrated Irish member of parliament.
15. Charles Lloyd, a clerk in the treasury.
16. John Roberts, also a clerk in the treasury.
17. Samuel Dyer, an eminent literary man, a friend of Dr. Johnson and Edmund Burke.
18. Dr. Butler, bishop of Hereford.

Gen. Armstrong's Letter to the President of the Berkshire Agricultural Society.

RED HOOK, 27th April, 1819.

SIR—Finding by a publication under your signature, as president of the Agricultural society of Berkshire, that it is a desideratum with that body to discover "the means of extirpating the Canada Thistle in an economical way, practicable to farmers in general," I have thought it would not be improper to give you the result of my experience on that head: without however, wishing to be considered a candidate for your premium.

Three years ago a laborer pointed out to me a piece of ground on my farm, covered with the Canada Thistle He was unable to suggest any means of killing it but remarked that it might be kept from spreading by heaping and burning upon it buckwheat or other straw. As this method was but palliative, I pursued another, and this was to pour slowly upon it the fish, beef, and pork pickle of my winter provisions. In a few days there was not an appearance of vegetation of any kind on the earth to which the pickle had been applied, and from that day to this, the thistles have not re-appeared.

While thinking on this subject, I had determined (had the pickle failed) to try *Apple pummace*, spread thinly over the thistles—knowing that *malic acid* would destroy the most vigorous and tap-rooted plants.

I am sir, very respectfully,
Your most ob't. humble serv't.
JOHN ARMSTRONG.
Thomas Melville, Jr. Esq.

From the London Morning Chronicle of April 19.

AN ENRAGED ELEPHANT.

An Italian paper gives the following account of an elephant, which during the Carnival had been an object of general admiration to the good people of Venice.

As soon as the Cannival was over and Lent begun, the animal seemed to lose much of its accustomed docility, without any obvious cause. Several persons, however, tried to bring him to the river in order to put him in a boat to convey him away from Venice, about a fortnight ago, and a great crowd collected on the banks to see him depart. The elephant went quietly enough within view of the river but as soon as they were about to embark him, he became suddenly outrageous, broke his chains and threw himself among the crowd.—The spectators were immediately all in alarm, and some of them, to avoid the danger, rushed into the vessels on the river. One of these was overturned, but, happily none of the individuals were drowned. The following night his keeper endeavoured to get him into a cage purposely made to confine him during his voyage, & walking backward, held out to the animal a piece of bread; the elephant followed the bait, but at length seeing that he did not come up with it he got quite wild, attacked the keeper, threw him down on the ground, and trampled on him so violently, that the unfortunate man expired a few hours after. The animal then broke into the streets, and bore down every thing that opposed him. He went into a coffee room, where he overturned the tables, decanters, glasses, &c. thence he went into a cobler's stall, which he pushabout the streets, together with its alarmed inhabitants. At this time the city guard pursued and fired their carbines upon him, but the balls passed harmlessly over his tough hide, and served to increase his ferocity. Being still pursued, he ran forward with great force; and blindly rushed through a moveable shop, in which China ware was sold. The owner a testy old woman, was standing in it at the moment, and the elephant passed through with such force, that he made an immediate passage, large enough to admit half his body; but not being able to extricate himself from this situation, he ran off, carrying away shop, china, old woman, and all, until he came near the church Del Forno, where he was disincumbered of his burden without any material personal injury to the owner of the shop. Her goods, however, were shaken out on the journey—coffee pots were rolling about in one place, maimed of their pipes—jugs, *minus*, spouts and handles, were to be found lower down—cups and saucers, and dishes and plates and basons, were distributed in abundance in the streets, as the animal came nearer to the church. Here he was fired upon again, but to no purpose; he became still stronger with his augmented fury; he burst open the gates of the church, though they were well barred with iron, and shut them again violently. He committed considerable damage, until at length, his hinder feet sunk into a vault—here he remained unable to move, but dangerous to be approached. There being no other mode of putting an end to him, the guard made an aperture in the wall of the sacred edifice, planted a cannon, charged with case shot, at three paces distance, and killed him on the spot.

From the N. Y. Gaz. May 22.

A letter from a gentleman in New-Orleans, of the 24th ult. to his friend in this city, advises—That the first Presbyterian Church in that place will be finished by the first of June ensuing; it is built after the model of the Rev. Dr. Mason's Church in this city. The basement is of Granite, sufficiently elevated above the level to protect it from the inconveniencies of the rising of the Mississippi, as well as the dust of the street. It is the most beautiful Edifice in the city of New-Orleans, and notwithstanding the magnitude of the expense, and the difficulties of the times, the cost has been accomplished through the indefatigable exertions of its Pastor, the Reverend Mr. Larned, and the zeal and spirit of his congregation.

The Ladies of this congregation, as a proof of their high regard, have contributed and forwarded to the Treasurer of the American Bible Society, one hundred and fifty dollars to constitute the Rev. Mr. Larned a Director for life.

NEW-YORK, May 22.

Pick-pocket.—A gentleman present at one of our auction rooms yesterday, observed an elderly person enter with a lad close to his side, whom he supposed was his son, from the manner of his following him closely round the room. They had not been long in the store, when the gentleman accidently observed the lad take this person's pocket-book, slip it under his coat, and make an essay to depart.—Judging the lad had committed a theft, he was immediately seized and brought him to the person, who, on feeling for his pocket-book, found it, missing, containing 500 dollars. During the conversation, the lad contrived to drop the pocket book on the floor. He was immediately conveyed to the police-office. He is a French boy, was handsomely dressed, stated that he belonged to Philadelphia, and that his father had sent him to this city to collect debts. This is the third instance of pocket-picking at auction rooms during the week.

A fellow in the interior of New-York, having stolen a horse, was pursued by another man on horseback. The thief cried out, "*it is a fair race, catch me if you can:*" by which means people were induced to believe it was really a "fair race," and no efforts were made to stop him. In this way he passed through the village; and shortly after vaulting from his saddle, took refuge in the woods.—The horse, which was a very valuable one, was recovered, but the thief escaped.

THE VELOCIPEDE.—One of these new invented animals, we hear, made its appearance in our streets this forenoon, with the constructor himself, who, it is said, has made some improvements on the original invention, and imported himself by the last arrival from London, in order to supply the market. Horses, it is said, in England, have fallen in price 40 per cent. in consequence of the sudden appearance of these velocipedes. Great speculations, as usual in new articles, are going on.—*N. Y. Pap.*

CATHOLIC EMANCIPATION

On the 4th of March last, in the British house of commons was presented petition, praying that the English Catholics may be relieved from certain grievious disabilities under which they have long labored. It was read & ordered to be laid on the table. The petition was said by Lord Nugent to be signed by upwards of 19,300 persons, many of them of the first rank. At the head of the list, which contained 11 Peers and 13 Baronets, was his grace the Duke of Norfolk, hereditary Earl Marshal of the kingdom.

From New-York Daily Advertiser.

SPANISH MAINE.

We last evening received a file of Kingston (Jamaica) papers to the last of April.—They contain some particulars of the affairs of the Maine. Seven transports had entered the Orinoco, with 2000 British troops on board. The affairs of Guyanna were prosperous for the Independents.—The deputies for the Congress of Venezuela had all assembled in Augostura.—6000 British troops had arrived in Margaritta, and also a division at Augostura. The Spanish Royalists place great confidence in Morillo, and look favourable result. The campaign was expected to be very sanguinary. Commodore Jollie had had a public dinner given to him on board an English sloop of war. He had sailed with his squadron, destination unknown. The independent squadron consisted of 11 vessels of war well manned. Colonels English & Blosset will command the division of the British auxiliary troops.

Revolutionary Soldiers of Connecticut,

Among the applicants for pensions was Lt. M. who obtained his title by his valor. His declaration was made out in due form, and certified by the judge who knew him well, and could safely attest his merits and his services. The needy veteran possessed an infirmity which rendered him unable to write his name, and, in signing the necessary documents, he could only make *his mark*. At the storming of Fort Montgomery, by the British, he was in the act of touching off a cannon, loaded to the muzzle with every kind of missile, when a shot carried away his arm, and the match dropped upon the ground; he immediately seized it with his left hand, and fired the piece, at the very point and at the very instant the enemy were entering the fort, which swept down a whole phalanx of the foe. For this heroic action he was honored with a commission; but in his old age he *could not write his name with his left hand.*

Another of these venerable men, trembling with age, applied for the necessary papers to obtain a pension. The Judge inquired where he had served? "Why, first," said he, "in the old French war." Ah, says the Judge, you cannot obtain a pension for services at that period; did you serve in the revolutionary army? "O yes, I served all the war, I was at the battle of Bunker's Hill—afterwards at Long-Island, and the capture of the Hessians at Trenton—I was at the attack of Germantown, and the battle of Monmouth,—and finally, at the capture and siege of Yorktown, in Virginia—and added the old man, his eyes re-kindling with the fire of '76, "*I was the first American centinel placed at the quarters of Lord Cornwallis, after he was an American prisoner.*"—*Balt. Morn. Chron.*

Windy Works!!

Pittsburgh Factory,
CORNER OF SMITHFIELD AND THIRD STREETS,
WHERE ARE MADE,
Forge & Tilt-hammer,
SILVER, WHITE, BLACK AND COPPER SMITH, NAILORS AND BRAZIERS
BELLOWS,
Of a quality equal to any in the United States.
Orders from any part of the Western Country filled with despatch, and shipped per order.
Liberal discounts made to merchants and others who purchase to sell again.
J. W. TREMBLY.
April 23, 1819. 2aw1m1aw2m1amtf
TWO Apprentices wanted to the above business. Boys from the country will have the preference.

The Subscriber
OFFERS his services to his friends and the public as a
Surveyor;
and he hopes by his industry and attention to business to merit a portion of public patronage.
MAGNUS M MURRAY.
Pittsburgh, March 5.

B. Darlington,
Has just received at his *Hardware Store*, Market Street, between Third and Fourth Streets,
A general assortment of
Hardware and Cutlery,
together with a general assortment of
SADDLERY
Consisting of
COTTON and straining web, plated bitts and stirrups, buckles and slides, tinned curb bitts and stirrups, morocco skins, seal skins and white leather. Shovels and spades, socket shovels and steel hoes, mill, cut, whip and boat builders saws, anvils, English blister steel, and cast steel. Also, on hand,
4000lbs. Block Tin.
All which will be sold wholesale and retail, on accommodang terms.
Pittsburg January 22, 1819. tfwtf

Evansville—Indiana.
EVANSVILLE is situated on the Ohio, about 200 miles below Louisville, it is the landing place for all travellers and merchandize destined for Vincennes and the Wabash country, and the principle landing for travellers to the *upper* part of the Illinois and Missouri. The subscriber offers for sale from 20 to 30 building LOTS, situated on Water street, Second street, on Fourth street, on Darlington street, on Sixth street, on Main street, and on the public square, suitable for stores and dwelling houses—many of which are among the best lots in town.
All or either of which will be sold on very accommodating terms.
THOMAS ANDERSON
Evansville, Indiana, June 1.

Thirty Dollars Reward.
RANAWAY from the subscriber, at General Marks' Tavern, on the 29th of May, a NEGRO MAN, named JARRET, about twenty one years of age—five feet 10 inches high, stout made—had on when he ran off, a blue coat much worn at the elbows, a pair of coarse drab domestic cloth pantaloons, a pair of Munroe shoes, and a fur hat much worn—he is tolerably black and full faced. Jarret was originally from Morgantown, Virginia, and has been taken and lodged in Pittsburgh jail, from which he was taken by Alpheus P. Wilson's my directions, and escaped from him at the above place. The above reward will be given to any person who will commit him to the jail of Allegheny county or any other jail so that I get him again.
THOMAS WILSON
Morgantown, Va. June 1.

$100 Reward,
FOR apprehending and securing a Negro Man, named
ABEL,
who eloped from the subscriber, on the 5th day of May, between the towns of Brownsville and Pittsburgh, about 10 miles above the latter. It is presumed he will proceed to Brownsville or Pittsburgh. He is near 6 feet high—black, has thick lips, and is rather spare made than otherwise—he is about 23 years of age—had on when he went off a dark coloured cloth coat. The person apprehending said negro will forward the information of his being taken as soon as practicable to the subscriber living in Henderson, Ken. If the negro be apprehended before the first of July next, the apprehender will write as speedily as possible to Samuel G. Hencock, Centreville, Fairfax County, Virginia, who will pay the above reward and all reasonable charges.
WILLIAM HENCOCK.
May 1.

THE SUBSCRIBER
HAS IMPORTED SUPERIOR
SPANISH SEGARS,
which he will sell on very moderate terms, Market street, in the frame house next door to James Thomson, Watch-maker.
FIS. CHEVOLLEAU.
June 1.

Allen & Grant
Will RENT from the first of January next, the NEW BRICK
Warehouse,
adjoining the one they occupy.
Pittsburgh, December 11, 1818.

PITTSBURGH.

Friday, June 4, 1819.

The fourth number is employed in giving a sketch of the policy of Russia, particularly since the enlightened reign of Alexander, and of Prussia, under Frederick the Great. The talents of these monarchs, as statesmen, is now universally allowed, and it would be unnecessary to argue on the subject. They have (and the first is now extending his efforts) *undeviatingly* pursued a similar system with that so long cherished in Great Britain. Russia is now reaping the benefits of it. Every article that can be produced by the industry of her people, and the capability of her soil and climate are actually prohibited from being imported. The Emperor himself after having like his great ancestor, travelled all over Europe, no doubt investigating critically, the different systems of the various governments which he visited, has from a full conviction of its utility, adopted British policy with respect to manufactures; he is both in his public and private capacity, the most enthusiastic supporter of them in Europe.

The fifth number takes up the investigation of the following objections, which are invariably adduced by the enemies of domestic manufactures, whenever the subject is introduced.

1. The demoralizing effects of manufacturing establishments.
2. Their injurious interference with commerce.
3. The high rate of wages in the United States.

The *demoralizing* effects of manufactures has been a theme which has been handled for many years with great plausibility; and as it could not be refuted by fact or experience in the United States, it pretty generally passed current as a valid objection. We confess we never could see any great reason for the conclusion; if it be true that idleness is the root of evil, we should suppose that, that life which keeps the individuals of every age constantly employed, would be more likely to produce beneficial effects upon the society than any other; and we very strongly suspect that there is as much, if not more immorality in the same quantity of population, in any other class in life as among manufacturers. Indeed, if we were to judge from the specimen of English and German workmen who have settled in Pittsburgh, we should not hesitate to pronounce them an orderly, and well behaved body of citizens. But whatever may have been the theory on this subject, heretofore, Mr. Colquhoun, the ablest statistical writer in Europe, and author of many works displaying the most profound research and laborious investigation, has set this question at rest; in a work entitled "Colquhoun on Indigence," this gentleman has given a table of the population of every county in England, containing also the state of pauperism and of offences in each. The result is, (in his own words) as follows:

"From this comparative statement, it "appears that contrary to the generally "received opinion, the number of pau-"pers in the counties which are exclu-"sively agricultural, greatly exceed "those where manufactures prevail."

In six counties, three of which are decidedly agricultural, and three decidedly manufacturing, the result is thus—

Manufacturing Counties.

	Population.	Offenders.	Paupers.
Lancashire,	672,731	371	46,000
Yorkshire,	858,892	245	77,661
Stafford,	239,153	91	22,510
	1,770,776	707	146,171

Agricultural Counties.

	Population.	Offenders.	Paupers.
Norfolk,	273,371	163	42,707
Kent,	307,624	210	41,632
Surry,	269,043	199	36,138
	850,038	572	120,477

It is thus proved that in the manufacturing counties, the offenders are only one out of every 2500; whereas in the agricultural, they are one out of every 1600; in the manufacturing districts, the paupers are only eight per cent of the population; in the agricultural they are about 14 per cent. These facts are undoubtedly sufficient to prove the error of this ill grounded opinion as regards the demoralizing effects of manufactures; they may also serve to shew the danger of trusting to theory and assertion unsupported by facts.

As to the second point, the interference of manufactures with commerce, we do not think the subject well handled by the addressers, nor do we consider the investigation of much consequence; no man in his senses can doubt that commerce will be sufficiently and substantially prosperous, when manufactures & agriculture flourish; and it is sufficiently proved that in the western country at least, agriculture cannot succeed to any great extent without the aid of manufactures. One fact however is mentioned which may serve to show that commerce is not in such danger from manufactures as some suppose. It is asserted that from a careful examination of the entries in the port of Philadelphia, it appears that the tonnage employed even now in the importation "of raw materials, such as leather, dye-wood, iron, lead" &c. is equal to that employed in the importation of bale goods. This certainly would be much extended if manufactures were established.

The third objection founded on the high price of wages would take much time to examine, as it involves probably some of the most abstruse principles of political economy. We are convinced however that there is nothing in the objection sufficiently valid to counteract the utility of manufactures; and there is one fact which ought to have considerable weight in the investigation, and this is, that in most of those articles depending on mere manual labour, our manufacturers have met the rival articles from Europe with great success.

The addressers have promised to extend their labours to certain other objections, but we do not consider them of importance; the two first which have shewn the futility of some of Mr. Smith's doctrine, are sufficient for all national purposes; and we feel satisfied that when the delusion of a great name is dissipated by reason and common sense, that the real interests of our country will be attended to, and that manufactures will receive that aid without which the United States can never be independent.

For the Pittsburgh Gazette.

MESSRS. PRINTERS,

As the inhabitants of Pittsburgh have for some time suffered great inconveniences, and been much incumbered by an unwholesome odour, constantly exhaling from the filthiness of the gutters and sewers, and it being at present near the season of the year, in which our southern cities have suffered from want of timely care, the ravages of many malignant disorders, I think the attention of our Mayor and Street Commissioners cannot be too soon called, to have our town purified of those noxious exhalations, which, while remaining in their present state may keep the lives of our citizens, (especially those of the lower class) in jeopardy, and as it has been agreed by the most eminent physicians that no medicine is so good a preventative of disease as cleanliness, I think no time is to be lost in using this excellent specific.

HAVONDJIS.

To the Editors of the Pittsburgh Gazette,

GENTLEMEN—Through the medium of your paper I wish to give a few hints to the friends and patrons of English and Classical literature. It has been suggested by one who pretends to know much about teaching (but fortunately for him he has lately got above business) that it is impossible to facilitate the progress of English and classical students in the same room and by the same teachers, notwithstanding their competency to teach—To this, however, I would reply (for I feel disposed to exercise all the charity to which the gentleman is entitled) that prejudice in this instance, has preponderated over ignorance, for it is well known, and must be admitted by every judicious person that there are many academies and seminaries both in Europe and America, in which the student can begin, continue and finish his education, without the necessity of going to a second, third or fourth place of learning before he could be properly styled a classical scholar, or what I suppose the gentleman to whom I allude, to have been formerly, a classical bruiser.

PHILOMATHION

The Secretary of the Treasury has given notice, "that, on the 21st October next a payment will be made of fifty four per centum on the remaining moiety of the principal of the Louisiana stock."—This payment will amount to more than FOUR MILLIONS OF DOLLARS; and, as it will be made through the medium of the Bank of the United States, funds to that amount must necessarily be collected and withdrawn from circulation to be ready in bank on the day appointed to meet the payment. This unavoidable measure, it is obvious, will tend to increase those financial difficulties which are now more severely felt by the people of the United States, than at any period for the last 25 years.

From the Commercial Advertiser, May 15.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

In the house of commons, on the 5th of April, Mr. Peel, presented a preliminary report from the committee appointed to inquire into the state of the bank, which was read.

After the report was read, Mr. Peel obtained leave to bring in a bill "to restrain the Governor and Company of the Bank of England from making payments in cash under certain notices given by them for that purpose."

After a long debate, the bill was read a second time and ordered to be engrossed. On the 6th, it passed through all its stages in both houses, and subsequently received the Royal assent by commission.

On the same evening, a bill was bro't in for restraining the Bank of Ireland from paying its notes in cash under 20*l.* which it had hitherto been in the practice of doing, passed through all its stages immediately, and will, (says the Courier) pass through the House of Lords, and receive the Royal assent forthwith.

Hyde Parke House, Long Island, the residence of Mr. William Cobbett was burnt to the ground last Thursday; most of the furniture was destroyed—but the books, papers, wearing apparel and some seeds saved. The accident occurred from a crack in the chimney. The former house on the same scite was destroyed in 1773, from a similar circumstance.

From the New York Com. Advertiser, May 22.

LATEST FROM HAVANNA.

By the arrival of the brig New Jersey, captain Reeves, 15 days from Havanna, we learn that the report of the cession of Cuba to the British is not correct. The passengers who came in the brig say, that Sir Home Popham only touched at Havanna on his way from Jamaica, and that he sailed with his squadron for England, on the 1st of May.

Emigrants.—Upwards of 200 passengers arrived at Quebec, from England, from the 8th to the 11th inst. 320 from England and Ireland, arrived at St. Johns, N. B. on the 6th and 7th inst.

NORFOLK, May 10.

The frigate United States, captain Crane, came in from sea on Monday last, and anchored in Lynhaven Bay, being prevented by head winds from getting into the Roads. Her letter bag was sent up yesterday by a pilot boat.

The U. States was Messina March 10, and Gibraltar March 30; and we learn by one of the officers who has come up from her, that she had a very boisterous and disagreeable passage, with a succession of heavy western gales. The following items have been politely communicated by an officer on board:

Left the Franklin and Guerriere at Messina, and the Erie and Spark at Gibraltar. Mr. Shaler, U. S. Consul general for Barbary, was on board the Erie. The squadron were to unite in Sicily, and then to visit the Barbary regencies.

"A circular, communicated to Captain Crane, by General Don, Lieutenant Governor of Gibraltar, that the plague continued its ravages in Morocco, Algiers and Tunis, but the mortality was decreasing.

"Mr. Edwin W. Turner, late purser of the United States, died at Messina, after a tedious illness on the sixth of March."

FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

GIBRALTAR, March 30.

"Letters from Madrid, say, that all is confusion there, and that the Marquis and his cabinet were not expected to hold their seats much longer.

"The frigate expected from Vera Cruz, with specie, is said to have arrived at Cadiz, and in consequence, the greatest activity is displayed in preparing the 2d division of the Lima expedition, the grand armada for Buenos Ayres. It is distinctly understood that the whole of this specie is private property—mind that.

"The second band of conspirators arrested at Valencia, have been hung."

NEW-LONDON, May 15.

Messrs. Perkins and Tappan engravers, from Newburyport, passed through this place on Monday last on their way to London, where they are to be employed in engraving for the Bank of England. Mr. Bagot, we understand, has paid them in advance 5000*l.* and if they succeed in their business, of which there is be no doubt, they will also receive 105,000*l.* in addition. Mr. Fairman, of Philadelphia is attached to the company. This tribute of respect to the genius of our countrymen is certainly very gratifying.

Extract to the editor of the Baltimore Patriot, dated

HAVANA, May 3.

"Dear Sir.—I have this day seen in a Kingston, (Jamaca) paper of the 21st ult. a detailed account brought by the British brig of war Parthian, of the capture of Porto Bello on the 7th, by Sir Gregor M'Gregor, with about 300 troops and six or seven sail of vessels. There appears to have been little or no resistance, & a government had already been established satisfactory to the citizens generally, under General Lopez. The opinion generally prevalent at Porto Bello, was, that Chagres would also fall into the hands of the Independents; and that Sir Gregor was in expectation of news from Lord Cochrane on the other side of the *Isthmust* with a considerable fleet to encourage a movement to Panama."

By the arrival of the ship Braganza, capt. Newcomb, from Bombay, we have received Madras and Bombay Gazettes to the 22d of January.—*Con. Adv.*

The keel of another line of battle ship, to be called the Ganges, is to be immediately laid at Bombay, in the same blocks whence the Malabar was floated. She is rated an 84 gun ship, and will be 20 feet longer and 500 tons larger than the Malabar.

Sir S. Raffles and lady arrived at Penang on the 30th of Dec. from Bengal.

A New Episcopal Church was opened at Penang on Christmas day last.

The Rebel Chiefs Kiwulgodera, and Pollagalle Mohattales, were executed at Badulla on the 18th of December.

Ceylon Gaz.

BUST OF GEN. JACKSON.

Our ingenious countryman, Mr. Rush, of this city, has prepared a Bust, in plaister, of Gen. Jackson, and deposited one at the Coffee-House for the inspection of the public. Our own opportunities do not enable us to pronounce on the accuracy of the likeness; but we have heard the testimony of several gentlemen, intimate with the general; and they unhesitatingly declare it to be an admiral portraiture of this distinguished hero. It is the intention of Mr. Rush, if the public patronage should be adequate, to furnish any number of casts, at a reasonable price; and we cannot but hope, that patriotism and love of the arts combined, will insure him success in the undertaking.—*Philad. Gaz.*

The auctioneers of the city of Philadelphia, paid into the state treasury, fourteen thousand and thirty-three dollars and forty-three cents, for the quarter ending on the thirty-first of March last.

The trees were in blossom at New-Orleans on the 20th of February. On the 8th of April, green peas were in market, and the clover fields fit for mowing.

On Tuesday last a splendid ball was given by the citizens of Washington, as a mark of respect to his Excellency the French Minister who is about to leave this country. The ball was numerously and brilliantly attended, among whom were the heads of departments and Foreign Minister.

SEA SERPENT.

A Drama, entitled "Sea Serpent, or Gloucester Hoax," is in representation on the Charleston Boards. The characters are thus:—Mayor of Gloucester, Linnæus, Captain Jonathan, Timothy, Justice Portly, Mate, Scepticus, Painter, Tom Codus, First Fisherman, Second, Sailors, Molly Fisher, & Seraphina. In the second act, a correct view of the town and outer harbour of Gloucester, and the appearance of the Sea Serpent, is represented.

Extraordinary Rapidity in Travelling.

The Post Chaise line, by which we received the New-York papers of this morning, arrived a few minutes after eleven o'clock.—Five of the passengers ordered dinner at Renshaw's, and after *cracking a bottle of his old Madeira*, returned in the stage with the intention of drinking tea at New-York. This, we believe, has never been equalled in this country.

[*Philad. Gaz.*

Dreadful Accident.—It is stated in the Montreal papers which came to hand yesterday, that a Battean, containing 43 passengers was upset about 9 o'clock in the evening of the 14th inst. passing the Island of St. Pa., on its way to Laprairie, and all but two men and one woman perished. Just before the boat departed from the ferry at Montreal, many persons who had embarked, perceiving her to be too full, returned to the shore, and thus providentially, escaped a watery grave. The men who managed the boat, it is said, *were all intoxicated.*

Purity of Parliament.—The following advertisement appeared in the West Britain, a paper published at Truro, in the "free and independent county of Cornwall."

"*To gentlemen of fortune.* Any two gentlemen who would wish to secure seats at the next parliament, may be accommodated at the borough of Lanceston. All letters addressed to A. B. to be left at the Exeter post office, will be duly attended to."

The Eagle Fire Company,

AT their last meeting, directed their Treasurer to present the thanks of the Company to the President and through him to the Members of "THE THESPIAN SOCIETY of 1816;" for the good will and partiality they manifested to the company in proposing to play for its benefit, and the prompt and efficient manner they have redeemed that pledge.

At the same time that the Eagle Fire Co. acknowledge the *timely* relief again afforded their funds by a considerable balance reported subject to their order in the treasury of that society; they avail themselves of the opportunity to renew their acknowledgements to the same source for *other* sums to a large amount constituting with the above balance $178, 98½ cents:

And conceiving themselves accountable to them and the public for its faithful application, they thought it also proper to mention that the money already received, has been expended chiefly in the procuring of buckets, repairing the engine, moving, roofing and painting the engine house, and completing the hooks, prongs and other apparatus of the company.

W. H. DENNY,
Treasurer of the Eagle Fire Company.

To A. BRACKENRIDGE,
President of "the Thespian Society of 1816."

---

50 Barrels New Orleans SUGAR,

FOR SALE BY
CROMWELL, DOBBIN & PEEBLES.
Pittsburgh, April 9.

Twenty-five Dollars
REWARD.

STOLEN on the morning of the 25th of May, in the city of Pittsburgh, NOTES of the following description, to wit.

41 Dollars on the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Pittsburgh.
27 Dollars on the Greensburgh & Pittsburgh Turnpike Road Company.
11 Dollars on the old Bank of Pittsburgh.
2 Ten Dollar notes and 7 one's on Zanesville Canal Company.
6 Dollars on J. H. Piatt & Co. Cincinnati.
8 Dollars on the Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank of Cincinnati.
1 3 Dollar note on the bank of Steubenville.
6 50 Cent notes on the city of Pittsburgh.
10 Dollars on the Bank of Beaver—besides many small notes.

One Note of hand for Thirty-five dollars, being for a horse, dated 8th of October 1817, given by Adam Black—also a Receipt for ten gallons gin, and many other notes of no benefit to any person but the owner.

THOMAS CARNEY.
June 4.

POWDER.

Purviance's Genuine Rough & *GLAZED*
POWDER,
FOR SALE BY
McDERMOTT & BARTRAM.
Pittsburgh, June 4. 3m

For Sale,

THE time of an indented BLACK BOY, 17 years of age, and 4 to serve from the first of April last past.—He is healthy, stout and active and of good disposition—has been brought up to house-work. Enquire at this Office.
Pittsburgh, June 4.

John Winright,

GRATEFUL for past favors and deeply appreciating the confidence hitherto reposed in him as an English teacher, wishes to inform his friends and the citizens of Pittsburgh, generally, that through a view of its proving advantageous to them as well as himself, he has formed an association with Mr. Daniel Taylor, a classical teacher recently from the city of New-York, where his method of teaching the Latin, Greek and French languages, together with the art of Penmanship, Mathematics and English Grammar, met the most flattering approbation of the public.

WINRIGHT & TAYLOR,

therefore embrace this opportunity of jointly offering their solicitations to a generous and enlightened public for aid and countenance, hoping through a conscientious discharge of their several duties to deserve and receive a liberal share of public patronage.
Pittsburgh, June 4.

Information Wanted.

IF any person can give me information where a certain WILLIAM GROGAN, who lately resided with the subscriber, at his farm on the Turnpike, three miles from Pitisburgh, they will confer a very particular favour on me. The object of this notice is to ascertain his place of residence, so that I may procure his testimony in a case pending in this county.

PHILIP WINEBIDDLE.
Pitt township, Allegheny co. June 4.

NOTICE.

ALL those indebted to the subscribers, are requested to make immediate payment as no indulgence will be given after the 1st of July next. Any debts remaining unpaid after that time, will be placed in the hands of proper officers for collection, without respect to persons.

McDERMOTT & BARTRAM.
Pittsburgh June 4.

Regimental Orders.

A REGIMENTAL Court Martial will convene at the house of James B. Oliver, on Monday, the 14th inst. at 10 o'clock A. M. for the trial of such prisoners as may be brought before it. The following officers are detailed as members of the Court Martial.

President—Major Arthurs,
Members—Captains Barnum, Lecky, Doane, Deal, Lieut. Bitner, Ensign E. F. Pratt.
Supernumerary—John Shannon.
Judge Advocate—James S. Craft, Esquire.
By order of William Anderson, Col. 87th Regiment, P. M.

S. THOMSON, Adj't.
June 4.

PATENT PLOUGHS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS

WISH to inform the public that they have made such arrangements as will enable them to manufacture Ploughs in a superior style, and on the most reasonable terms. The iron mole will be ground completely smooth, and the Plough warranted to run well. A discount will be made to merchants and others at a distance, who purchase to sell again. All orders will be filled without delay.

They also carry on the

Coach & Wheelwright business,

In all its various branches, where Coaches, Gig, Stages, Waggons, Carts, Drays, &c. will be made and repaired in the best manner, and on the shortest notice.

WM. & ROBERT LECKY.
Pittsburgh, February 26.——tf

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the late firm of ARMSTRONG & EWING, will settle their accounts with Mr. John M'Clean, who is hereby duly authorised by me for that purpose. All debts unpaid the first of June, shall be put in suit, is no longer indulgence can be given.

JAMES W. ARMSTRONG.
May 11.

Brandywine Gun-Powder.

JUST RECEIVED
And For Sale by the subscriber,
200 KEGS FF FFF

This Powder is warranted equal, if not superior, to any other in the United States, being made by Mr Bauduy, the original manufacturer at Brandywine.

N. RICHARDSON.
Pittsburgh, January 29, 1819. ——tf

Charles Postley's Patent
COOKING STOVE
OR PORTABLE KITCHENS.

MANUFACTURED and sold by HENRY MILLER & Co in 2d street, two doors from the corner of Wood streets, Pittsburgh.

This Stove with fixtures complete, comprises every necessary article of apparatus for an extensive cooking establishment.

The different sizes are calculated to do the cooking for small or large families, public houses and Steam-boats, and are so extremely simple in their construction as to be managed with ease by a child, twelve or fourteen years of age.

With this Stove may be cooked, by baking, roasting, boiling and by steam, a sufficiency of meats, fish, fowls and vegetables, to make a dinner for from 5 to 100 persons, while at the same time may be baked from 1 to 8 loaves of bread.

A wooden vessel containing from twenty to fifty gallons of water, can also be kept boiling, for the purposes of washing, &c. All these are done simultaneously and with one small fire.

The circumstance of these Stoves having got into very general use at the eastward, within 2 or 3 years past, particularly in the cities of New-York and Baltimore, with the rapid sale and general approbation they have met with since their first introduction last winter, west of the mountains, are sufficient testimonials of their utility and advantage.

The subscribers having purchased of the patentee the right for making and vending said Stoves in the Western country, is ready to execute with punctuality and despatch, all orders at his Manufactory, as above, where also may be had, Cast and Sheet Iron Stoves, suitable for Parlours, Offices, Stores & Bed-rooms, to which boilers may be attached if wanted.

The proprietors to accommodate persons residing in different parts of the country, have opened a store in Main street, Cincinnati, and also appointed agents, as follows—OHIO, N. C. Findly, Zanesville; James Effinger, Lancaster; John M'Coy, Chillicothe. KENTUCKY, Samuel January, Sen. & Co. Maysville; J. & P. Dudley, Frankfort; J. B Bowles, Louisville; Luther Stephens & Co. Lexington. TENNESSEE, Joseph Litton, Nashville. INDIANA, James Cochran, Madison. LOUISIANA, James C. Wilkins, Natchez. MISSOURI TERRITORY, Messrs. Neal and Liggett, St. Louis.

H. MILLER & Co.

May 7, 1819.

Stop the Thief!

WAS STOLEN out of the Bar of Mrs. Rippey's tavern, in Pitt Township, on Saturday the 22d inst, A silver-mounted SHOT-GUN, with brass box and wipers, by a fellow who calls himself THOMAS FITZGERALD—he is stout looking and about thirty years of age, was seen on his way to Pittsburgh, on Saturday evening with said Gun and a small bundle—the contents unknown. I will give a reward of FIVE Dollars for the apprehension of said thief, or for such information as may enable me to get the Gun.

JAMES HORNER.

Wilkinsburgh, May 28.

---

24 Dozen
Waldron's Grass & Grain SCYTHES,
10 Dozen Bramble ditto.

13 dozen CUTTING KNIVES,
15 do. ENGLISH SPADES & SHOVELS
FOR SALE BY

James Riddle & Co.

Market, between 3d and 4th streets.
Pittsburgh, May 24.

M'Dermott & Bartram,

At their Warehouse in Market Street, between econd and Third streets,
PITTSBURGH,

Have always on hand a large and general assortment of

Groceries, Wines & Liquors,

Which they will sell on low and accommodating terms, being regularly supplied from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have always on hand the following Articles:

Gunpowder, Imperial, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, & Souchong TEAS *of first quality*	Brimstone, Allum, Madder,
Prime Green Coffee in Bags and Barrels,	Cinnamon, Cloves, Nut megs.
Common ditto,	Alspice, Mace, Ginger,
Spanish flotant & Bengal indigo,	Pepper, Mustard,
Loaf and lump Sugar,	Madeira, Teneriffe & Lisbon WINES *of a superior quality*
Muscovado ditto,	4th Proof Cogniac Brandy,
Spanish Cigars,	ditto, Jamaica Spirits
Common ditto,	Holland Gin, Country Gin,
Rice, Copperas,	Whiskey,
English Refined Saltpetre,	Pittsburgh & Kentucky Manufactured Tobacco, &c.

N. B. *ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE FOR GOODS.*

November 20. mo2

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership heretofore existing btween WILLIAM CHESNUT & Co. in Pittsburgh, and JAMES C. THOMPSON & Co. in Philadelphia, was dissolved on the first of April by mutual consent. All persons indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to William Chesnut, who is duly authorised to receive the same, and all having demands will please present them for settlement.

William Chesnut,
James C. Thompson.

THE subscriber grateful for past favors, begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that having purchased the remaining stock of the above firm, and also made arrangements to receive a constant supply of GOODS from Philadelphia and Baltimore, he will be happy to supply them on accommodating terms.

WM. CHESNUT,

Pittsburgh, May 14.

For Sale.

A SPLENDID EDITION OF THE
English Encyclopedia.

in 11 Volumes, including one of PLATES, for sale at this office. Any person desirous of adding a most valuable work to their library, may now do it on most reasonable terms.

April 2.

Henry Deane,

CORNER OF WOOD & FRONT STREET
HAS FOR SALE,
Ironmongery & Hardware;

Mouse-Hole Anvils, Vices, Straw-Knives, Shovels & Spades, Hoes, Axes, Hatchets, Cross-cut Saws, Hand-saws, Drawing-Knives, Augurs, Gridirons, Frying-pans, Copper and Iron Teakettles, Adzes, Socket-shovels, Cast Steel—American and English Blister & Crowley Steel.

Groceries, etc.

Boxes fresh Raisins, Loaf Sugar, Nutmegs, Kegs Allspice, Pepper, Ginger, Allum, Smoking Tobacco, Copperas, Indigo, ground Redwood, Spanish Brown, Chalk, Red-Lead, also boxes Rosin Soap and Shaving Soap.

Liquors,

Old L. P. Teneriffe Wine, in quarter casks—Cogniac Brandy, Barrels of Cordial and old Whiskey

---

Manufactured Tobacco—Gun-Powder—Lead—Queensware, Hollow Glass ware, in boxes, assorted; Writing and Wrapping Paper, Entry Matts, Cut and Wrought Nails, Castings and Juniata BAR IRON.

ALSO

Barrels Rosin,
50 Barrels Rectified and Common Lake SALT,
12 Ditto Fourth Proof Antigua RUM,
50 Boxes Geneva and Bridgeport Window Glass,
A few Pieces Coarse CLOTHS.

Commission Business

ransacted and Goods received and forwarded

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1819. 3m

Dupont's Brandywine POWDER

UST RECEIVED, 230 KEGS CONSISTING OF

OP, FFg, FFr, FFFr FFFg,

DUPONT'S BRANDYWINE POWDER
For Sale, on low terms by
BOSLER, & CO.

November 18, 1818. tf.

THE
GOOD INTENT INN,

Lately occupied by Mrs. Morrow, at the Sign of the Green Tree, corner of Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh,

Furnished for the accomodation of TRAVELLERS and others.

The subscriber, from his GOOD INTENT and the probity and attention of his servants, hopes to merit and receive a share of public patronage.

JAMES B. OLIVER.

Pittsburgh, April 13, 1819.

☞ The Stage Office of the Juniata route is kept at the above Inn.

*** A good, dry CELLAR, 45 feet on Fourth street by 20 back, to rent—Enquire as above.

Fresh Garden Seeds.

THE subscriber has just received his Spring supply of fresh GARDEN & FLOWER SEEDS, and some fine FLOWERING BULBS, He has also, ASPARAGUS PLANTS, from one to three years old, and a few hundred Grafted Apple and Cherry TREES, of the best sort.

N. RICHARDSON,
4th between Market and Wood streets,

Pittsburgh, March 23.

The Copartnership

HERETOFORE existing at Pittsburgh, [Pa.] under the title of "The Pittsburgh Iron & Nail Factory," is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The subscriber, Ithamar Whiting, continues the agent of the Factory for the purpose of adjusting all their concerns, collecting and paying the debts, and renewing notes and contracts in the name of the company.

R. WHITING, for himself
& WM. STACKPOLE.
ITHMAR WHITING.

Louisville, March 31, 1819.——Ap13

JOHN RENO,

Front, between Market and Wood Steeets, has on hand and for sale, a general assortment of

GROCERIES, &c.

OLD MADEIRA, Sicily, Teneriffe, Lisbon, (Wines.)	Mustard, Starch,
Cogniac Brandy,	Indigo, Madder,
Jamaica Spirits,	Copperas, Allum,
Old Whiskey,	Rosin, Chalk,
Country Gin,	Raisins in boxes,
Best green coffee in bags and barrels,	Soft shelled Almonds,
Young hyson Tea,	Shaving Soap,
Loaf, Lump, (Sugars)	Best Spanish and Country Segars,
New-Orleans,	Sup. Royal, No. 5,
Pepper, Alspice,	Royal, 5,
Ginger, Cloves,	Cap, 2 & 3, (Paper.)
Nutmegs, Mace,	Post,
Cinnamon,	Large and small wrapping,
	8 by 10, and 10 by 12, Window Glass,

Kentucky Tobacco,

Dupont's best Brandywine POWDER.

All of which are offered on liberal terms.

☞ Good HOGS LARD, in kegs, and other Produce taken in exchange for the above.

Pittsburgh, October 6, 1818. tf

To the Electors of Allegheny County.

FELLOW CITIZENS.

FROM solicitations of a number of my friends, I am induced to offer myself a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, at the ensuing election. Should you think me worthy of the trust, no exertions on my part shall be wanting to fill the office with fidelity, to the best of my abilities.

I am, gentlemen, your ob'dt. serv't
JAMES CROSSAN.

March 12, 1819.

New Orleans SUGAR

FOR SALE BY THE BARREL, BY
HENRY DOANE.
Corner of Wood & First street.

Pittsburgh, April 16, 1819.

Pittsburgh Manufacturing Association.

A NUMBER of the Mechanicks and Manufacturers of the City of Pittsburgh and its vicinity, anxious to promote and invigorate that spirit of domestic industry which is so essential to the prosperity of the western country, having entered into an association under the above denomination, inform the public that they have opened a large and convenient Brick Warehouse in Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets, for the reception and sale of the different articles which they manufacture, together with such articles of domestick produce and manufacture as may be deposited for sale, or consigned to their care; and have appointed George Cochran their Chief Clerk or Agent, to whom all orders and communications on the mercantile business of the association, will in future be addressed. They intend to receive, forward and dispose of all goods entrusted to their care, (especially articles of domestick produce and manufacture) on the most reasonable terms, and hope to give satisfaction to those who may please to favour them with their custom and patronage. From the variety and extent of domestic produce and manufactures which may be collected and offered for sale at their Warehouse, with punctuality in paying over the proceeds, and attention to business, a beneficial result is anticipated, as well to the vender as the purchaser.

All orders enclosing the cash for articles manufactured by the members of the association, or sold in their Warehouse, will be promptly and faithfully executed, at the lowest wholesale prices, without any charge for commission, and western current notes taken in payment.

It is also intended to exchange manufactured articles for country produce and raw materials, such as Iron, Lead, Wool, Cotton, Sugar, Salt, Whiskey, Bacon, Hogs-lard, Butter, Cheese, Flaxseed Oil, Hogs Bristles, Linen, Yarn, Rags.

Annexed is a list of articles now offered for Sale.

GEORGE SUTTON,
President of the Association.

Pittsburgh, April 21, 1819. 6t

Axes, adzes and augers	Nails, an assortment
Balances patent	Patent Ploughs and Mould Boards
Bellows, smith	Planes
Brushes, an assort't	Paper, No. 1, 2, 3, &c.
Buttons, bridle bitts & bridles	Plated Bridle Bitts, Stirrup Irons, Bridle Mounting, &c.
Blank books,	Shot
Biscuit and crackers	Saddles, Men and Women's
Castings	Scale Beams
Copper stills, counter weights	Steelyards
Castor frames and crewets	Sawmill Irons
Chairs & cabinet ware, a variety	Soap
Cutlery, a variety,	Shovel and Tongs
Coffee Mills,	Tobacco
Domestic cloth & cord	Tin Ware
Casinet and shawls	Tea Kettles, copper and iron
Drawing chains	Tacks and Sprigs,
Edge tools, a variety	Clouts and Sparables,
Furniture mounting	Whips, Coach, Gig, and Riding, an assortment, at Philadelphia prices
Grindstones	Whiskey, rectified and common
Glass, window, 8 by 10, 10 by 12, 11 by 16	Woffle Irons
Gun barrels assorted	Wire Work;
Hackles, hatchets and hoes	With a variety of articles manufactured in Pittsburgh, not enumerated above.
Hammers	
Hats, an assortment	
iron, bar and rolled	

Irwin & R. Wallace,

Have just received and offer For Sale
250 bbls. best quality rectified
LAKE SALT

200 BARRELS CONEMAUGH DITTO,
A large quantity of the best quality
COUNTRY LINNEN, BAGS & BAGGING,
Also, about 6 Tons assorted

Juniata Bar Iron,

12 Tons assorted CASTINGS,
8 Tons PIG METAL.

They will receive in payment for Castings,
WOOSTER,
CLEAVELAND,
CANTON,
SMITHFIELD, &
NEW-SALEM

Paper, if offered before the 1st March next.

February 2, 1819.

FLOUR
FOR
WAGGONERS,

WARRANTED to suit the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, for sale at the
PITTSBURGH STEAM MILL.

April 9.

ORMSBY AND DOANE,

HAVE FOR SALE

100 kegs first quality Manufac. Tobacco,
30 Tons assorted Castings,
Juniata Bar Iron,
Plough Plates,
20 Bushels Hickory Nuts,
Rosin Soap,
56 bbls. rectified Lake Salt,
Axes, Nails, Chains, &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, February 9, 1819.

Thomas Perkins,

RESPECTFULLY informs the public that he has taken into partnership, JACOB CARTER.—The business will in future, be conducted under the firm of

Perkins & Carter,

who have on hand, and intend keeping at their Silver-smith and Watch maker's shop
In Market, between Front and Second streets,
PITTSBURGH
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
Gold & Silver Work,

Eight Day and Thirty Hour Clocks
Gold, Silver & Composition WATCHES,
With a general assortment of Watch-makers Tools and Materials,

which they will warrant, and sell low for Cash or approved paper.

Orders from a distance punctually attended to.

February 2, 18

The shop lately kept by Jacob Carter, in Liberty street, next door to the corder of St. Clair street is removed. Watches, &c. left with him may be had at their shop in Market street.

Spring Goods.

M. S. MASON
Is opening his Spring supply of
DRY GOODS,
CONSISTING OF

SUPERFINE, middling and coarse CLOTHS, Cassimeres, Velveteens, & Cords—Printed Marseilles and Toilinette Vesting, Steam-loom and Madapollam Shirting—Cambric, Jaconet, Leno and Book Muslins, Bombazetts, Irish Linens and Sheetings, Ginghams, Super Prints and Furniture Calico, Imitation and Printed Shawls, India Muslins—Black Silk, Canton, Flag, Bandannoe, Madrass and Fancy Handkerchiefs, Bed Ticking, Hosiery, Black and Coloured Sarsanetts, Florences, Levantine, English and India black and coloured Sewing Silk and Twist, Pins, Cotton Balls, with numerous other articles, together with a variety of

Domestic Goods,

SUCH AS

Plaids, Stripes, Chambrays,

Checks, Shirting, Ticking, &c.

Which are offered for sale by the Package of piece, on accommodating terms.

ALSO

LEGHORN AND STRAW BONNETS.

Pittsburgh, May 4.

100 Barrels Flour,

FOR SALE.

Information Wanted.

40 DOLLARS REWARD.

ABOUT 12 or 14 years since, two brothers, named CHRISTIAN & BENJAMIN Mr. J. LINGER, left Pittsburgh in a boat belonging to a Mr. Bell, and no certain information has been heard of them since. It was reported that the boat was lost and the crew drowned. I will give a reward of 20 dollars to any person who informs me of their being alive, and directs me where to find them; and if dead 40 dollars will be given to any one adducing legal evidence of the fact. The person who is able to furnish the wished for information, is respectfully requested to direct a letter to the subscriber living about two miles from Hanover, in M'Sherry's town, Adams county, Penn.

DAVID MILLINGER.

May 18.

Cut Tacks and Sprigs.

Ormsby and Doane,

HAVE or sale, *Cut Tacks and Sprigs* of all *sizes*, from the Abington Factory, (Massachusetts.) being appointed agents for the sale of those articles, offer them at the manufacturing prices, with the addition of carriage and charges.

Orders for Tacks and Sprigs received and attended to.

Pittsburgh, October 22

---

10 Dollars Reward.

LOST, on Wednesday evening last, in Front street, supposed to be on Scotch-hill, a BOOK, about the size or somewhat larger than a spelling book, and bound in the same manner—It contained about 160 dollars; 100 of which was on the Bank at Mansfield, (O.) in 10 dollar bills—the remainder is in notes of different amounts and on different banks, which are not precisely recollected. The above reward will be paid to any person who will deliver the book and its contents to J. W. Hunter or Solomon Stoner, Wood street, Pittsburgh.

STEPHEN SUTTON.

May 18.

Joseph Armorer

Has the pleasure to inform his friends and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore and Philadelphia with a complete assortment of

DRY GOODS,
AND
GROCERIES,

which he is now selling on the most reasonable terms, at his store in the, Diamond. He at the same time tenders his sincere thanks for past favors and earnestly hopes for a continuance.

Pittsburgh, April 16.

N. B. *A good assortment of English & French THREAD LACE & EDGINGS,*
LEGHORN & STRAW BONNETS.
Black Lace Veils and Squares 6-4 & 7-4

Pittsburgh Soap Factory.

THE subscriberss have a SOAP FACTORY in complete operation, and will constantly have a large supply of this article, warranted equal to any manufactured in the country, which they will dispose of at reduced prices.

WM. HILL & BROTHERS.

April 9.

WE wish to let that eligible stand for business at the corner of Market and Front streets, lately in the occupancy of Messrs. Peebles, Tweedy & Co.

BACON.

About 7000lbs., excellent

quality—also, a quantity of

Calf Skins & Skirting Leather,

For Sale, by C. LATSHAW & LEECH
Pittsburgh, 13th May, 1819. 3t

A Most Valuable Estate.

FOR SALE.

THAT beautiful estate, commonly known by the name of MONTOURS' or LONG ISLAND, about five miles below Pittsburgh, in the Ohio river, containing in the whole 1,000 acres, is offered for sale. It is divided into three separate tracts, on each of which there are handsome improvements; the land is of the best quality, well timbered, and not subject to overflow. It is universally esteemed, both as to soil and situation, the finest property in the western country. The proprietors would prefer selling the whole in a body, but to suit purchasers, it may be divided into three tracts.

The terms may be known by applying to Major Isaac Craig on the premises, or to the subscriber, who is agent for the proprietors, at his office in Pittsburgh.

JAMES HALL,
Attorney at Law

D. & J. Chute,

Have just received a good assortment of
SHOES,

Suitable for the season. They also, daily expect a new arrival.

Pittsburgh, May 21.

N. B. STRAYED from the subscriber about a week since, a middle sized BLACK COW, with a small star in her forehead, has a yellowish bag, gives milk from three teats only—has a small ear mark which is not distinctly recollected. Whoever will give information where she may be found, or return her to the subscriber, living in Third, between Market and Wood streets, shall be liberally rewarded.

DANIEL CHUTE.

To Manufacturers.

WILL be sold at public vendue on Saturday the 9th of June at Sharon, Beaver county,

Wool Carding Machines,

Spinning Machines, Broad Looms, Shuttles and Harness—one Shearing Machine for Broad Cloth, and one for Narrow Cloth, and a variety of articles in the manufacturing line—Also

Household Furniture.

A reasonable credit will be given.

April 23.

Notice.

THE subscriber having removed to his farm, on Peters' creek, 12 miles south of Pittsburgh, and two miles from Elizabethtown, on the Monongahela river, gives this notice to all persons who may have unsettled business with me, either on my own account or where I have acted as agent for others, to call with Alexander Brackenridge, esq. attorney at law, at his office in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, who is duly authorised to transact any business of mine during my absence from the city. Those persons who know themselves indebted to me will save cost and trouble by governing themselves accordingly.

JAMES GRAY.

Mifflin Township, April 6.

Stray Cow.

A RED COW with a white streak half way up her back, a spot on her forehead, her legs red and white, strayed from the owner, in Pittsburgh, a few weeks since. A reasonable reward will be given for information where she is, at this office.

April 2.

I. DOANE,

Offers for sale at his ware-house on the Bank near Wood street.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
HARDWARE
Ironmongery,

CUTLERY &c.—Among which are

Steel of all kinds, Saws, Tools, Wire, Round Iron, Spikes, Nails, Boat Nails, Anvils, Vices, CASTINGS, &c. &c.

ALSO,

TAR & ROSIN—by the barrel,
50 Kegs best manufactured TOBACCO.

Commission Business,

Attended to as usual.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1819.—y

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE partnership of JOSEPH I. M'DOWELL & Co. is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons indebted to the firm, are requested to make immediate payment and those having demands against the same will bring them forward for settlement.

Joseph I. M'Dowell,
George Anshutz, Jr.

Pittsburgh, May 18, 1819.

DUPONT'S GUN-POWDER

THE subscribers having receiv'd a general assortment of Powder, manufactured by Messrs. E. J. Dupont, de Nemours & Co. so well known for its superior quality, viz.

OPg, Fg, FFg, FFFg,

Which they offer for sale on the most reasonable terms.

—ALSO—

150 Kegs Nitre-Hall Powder.

FOR SALE BY
GEO. BOGGS & Co.

Pittsburgh, April 9, 1819.

WHIP MANUFACTORY.

THE subscribers having established a WHIP MANUFACTORY in this city, inform merchants and the public generally, that they have and intend keeping on hand, a handsome assortment of

Coach, Gig, Riding and Switch
WHIPS,

Of the best quality, and at as fair prices as they can be obtained in any city in the Union.

Merchants particularly will find it to their advantage so purchase of them, as they will not only save the carriage, but the heavy discounts they are subjected to in the Atlantic cities.

They have constituted Messrs. Cromwell, Dobbin & Peebles, their agents—at whose Warehouse or at the Manufactory, corner of Liberty and St. Clair streets, orders will be received and promptly executed.

H. LOVE & CO.

Pittsburgh, March 19.——6m1m2aw2m1aw

☞ WHIPS repaired with neatness & despatch

---

26 Bales Tennessee *COTTON,*

Just received and for sale, by
JAMES RIDDLE & Co.
Market street, between Third and Fourth streets.

Pittsburgh, May 10, 1819. 4t

April 16, 1819. 2 Acres
Pittsburgh
Jacob Heiser